

GCCA+@COP25: HOW TO CONQUER WASTE AND REDUCE EMISSIONS: THE CASE OF NIGERIA



COP 25 IN MADRID SPAIN

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December 2019

Framework and number: a challenge to cope with

- Nigeria is the most populous nation in Africa with a population of around 201 million people (UN, 2019) of whom 44 per cent are under 15 (UN, 2016).
- Waste management consumes up to 20 to 50 per cent of highly constrained municipal operational budgets.
- Waste is a cost for all and at the same time a severe environmental and health problem

FACTS IN DETAILS

- Waste Generation - No Accurate Data
- Classification/Composition – No Accurate Data
- Waste Management Action Plan – None
- Waste are Collected By Contractors Or The Informal Sector
- Waste Dumps – No engineering landfill
- Illegal Waste Dumps Used For Disposal
- Resource Recovery By Informal Sector
- Coverage – Mostly in cities and urban areas
- Waste Power Generation Plant - None





A SNAPSHOT OF WASTE IN NIGERIA



Door-to-door collection



Station collection



The Illegal Dump



The Official Dump



WASTE: AN ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEM



How GCCA+ is helping Nigeria to cope with waste

- **INVEST IN DATA QUALITY AND DATA MANAGEMENT TO ATTRACT PRIVATE SECTOR AND INTERNATIONAL DONORS: good quality is the first step to manage waste problem through proper tailored solutions**
 - Nigeria's waste management problem is being seen through the lens of new business opportunities to invest in and to attract possible international investors
 - GCCA+ support is focused on supporting the Federal Ministry of Environment to frame the problem, establish precise baselines for GHG emissions, and develop enabling policies to catalyse new business opportunities to manage waste and generate emissions reductions locally and nationally.



THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION