

LIFE - AR

A POWERFUL TOOL TO IMPLEMENT NDCs

A case of Tanzania

Kigali Conference Centre

15-18 2019



1. Overview on Tanzania's NDCs

- **Tanzania developed its INDCs to the Paris Agreement to present short- and medium-term climate action in 2015**
- **Climate change impacts are affecting coastal zones, public health, energy supply and demand, infrastructure, water resources, agricultural production and availability of ecosystem goods and services. Potentially, there will be high economic costs across these sectors.**
- **Tanzania face a diverse range of climate hazards such as floods, heavy precipitation events and changes in precipitation patterns**
- **Tanzania's NDCs are indicating priority adaptation measures in agriculture, water, land and natural resources**
- **The net economic costs of addressing climate change impacts could be equivalent to a further 1 to 2% of GDP per year by 2030**

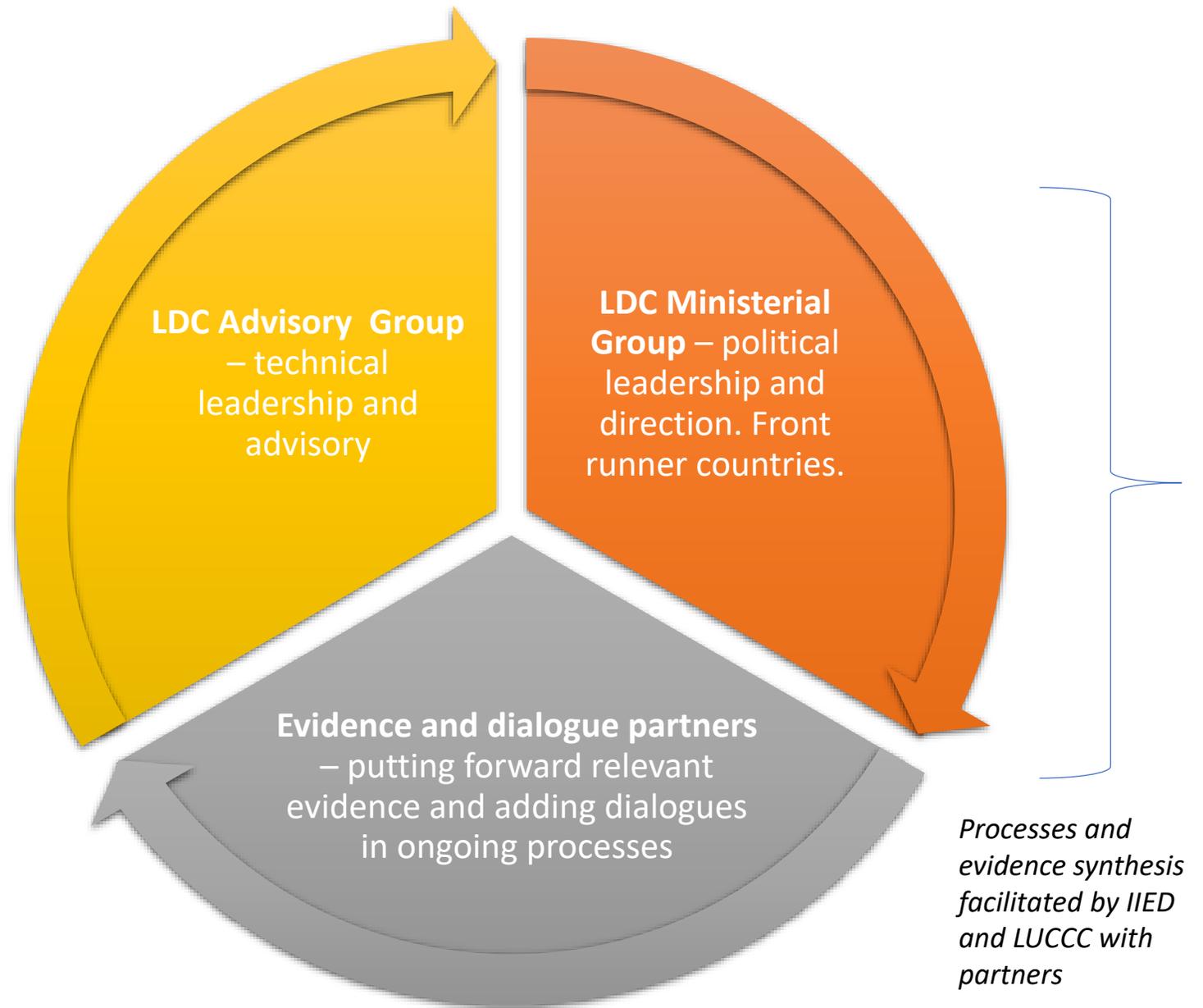
2. Overview on LIFE-AR

- **A deliberative process across LDCs has guided the development of LIFE ARs 2050 vision, offer and ask.**
- **Launched during COP 24 In Katowice Poland**
- **It operates under the Direction, Guidance and expertise of The LDC Ministerial Group, LDC Advisory Group, LDC Chair and LIFE-AR technical lead**
- **Over 400 experts have been brought together through the COP, CBA 13 and NAP expo to deliberate and provide guidance**

overview cont...

- **Six Technical Workshops across Anglophone and Francophone Africa and Asia Pacific were conducted over the 2018-2019 period**
- **An evidence review of effective global adaptation and resilience initiatives was undertaken to strengthen the development of the vision, offer and ask**
- **100 submissions and 80 interviews captured rich insights and experience of LDCs experts and resilience partners to shape LIFE ARs 2050 vision**

LDC driven and led



Phase 1

LDC leadership

LDC Ministers: oversight, high level direction, advocates

Advisory group: deliberate evidence, technical guidance, advocate

Gather from stakeholders:

Potential LDC vision objectives

Potential pathways (back casting)

Potential Mechanisms

Deliberate on evidence & identify pathways (mechanisms)

Experts: Regional LDC workshops, side events & webinar/calls Ministers & national leaders: National seminars

LDC 2050 Vision launched at UNSG Climate Action Summit with Offer and Ask of international community and Front Runner countries identified

Phase 2

Front Runner Countries (Cohort 1)

Long Term Vision and pathways

Delivery mechanisms identified, financing strategy, institutional capabilities, policy.

Front Runner Countries share learning with wider LDCs

Guidance evolves

Next cohort of Front Runners recruited – with national seminars

...Slowly expanding cohorts, LDC group actively learning and sharing with others

3. LDC 2050 Vision

Our vision towards a climate resilient future is :

**For All Least Developed Countries To Deliver
Climate-resilient Development Pathways By 2030
And Net-zero Emissions By 2050 To Ensure Our
Societies And Ecosystems Thrive.**



What sets our vision apart?

As one of the front runner countries:

- **this vision supports our intention to develop long-term climate strategies under the Paris agreement article 4 paragraph 19 and to articulate our ambitious leadership on climate action**
- **we need LDCs -focused delivery mechanisms and transparent, open and predictable budgets rather than funds for prescribed activities**
- **we will ensure our mechanisms are vertically integrated with government systems while also enabling horizontal collaboration across different sectors**
- **our vision is defined, driven and led by ourselves.**
- **It charts out our journey towards a climate-resilient future by 2050, in line with our own needs and priorities.**

How can we achieve our Vision?

- **we need to deepen our climate knowledge and access to predictable, reliable finance so we can develop our technology and capabilities**
- **our vision is guided by the principles of inclusion, participation, justice, equity and leaving no one behind, especially the most fragile LDCs and most vulnerable locations**
- **we all aim to graduate from LDCs status before 2050**
- **we will take a whole-of-society approach to secure a climate-resilient future and achieve our graduation goals.**
- **the LDCs of today are the g47 of tomorrow**

3. LIFE - AR Key Offers

- **we will work with the whole of society to achieve a low-carbon, climate-resilient future**
- **we will develop strong climate finance architecture, with at least 70% of flows supporting local-level action by 2030**
- **we will integrate adaptation, mitigation and resilience into our national and local development objectives**
- **we will strengthen our climate capabilities, institutions, knowledge, skills and learning**
- **we will create more inclusive governance of climate decisions that are centred on gender transformation and social justice**

4. LIFE-AR Key Asks to the international community

- 1. provide high-quality, predictable and accessible finance to help us deliver the SDGs and Paris Agreement and support the LDC goal of at least 70% financial flows supporting local-level action by 2030**
- 2. work together to reduce transaction costs and ensure mutual accountability behind Ldc leadership**
- 3. work with us in the long term to strengthen our national and local institutional capabilities**
- 4. invest in our climate-resilient net-zero economies and technology**
- 5. develop your own ambitious strategies for 1.5°C low-carbon climate-resilient pathways by 2020**

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“we are in this together”

[HTTP://WWW.LDC-CLIMATE.ORG/WP-CONTENT/UPLOADS/2019/09/2050-VISION.PDF](http://www.ldc-climate.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/2050-vision.pdf)

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